

Plasma Accelerator Simulation Using Laser and Particle Beam Drivers

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SciDAC-2&3
Compass



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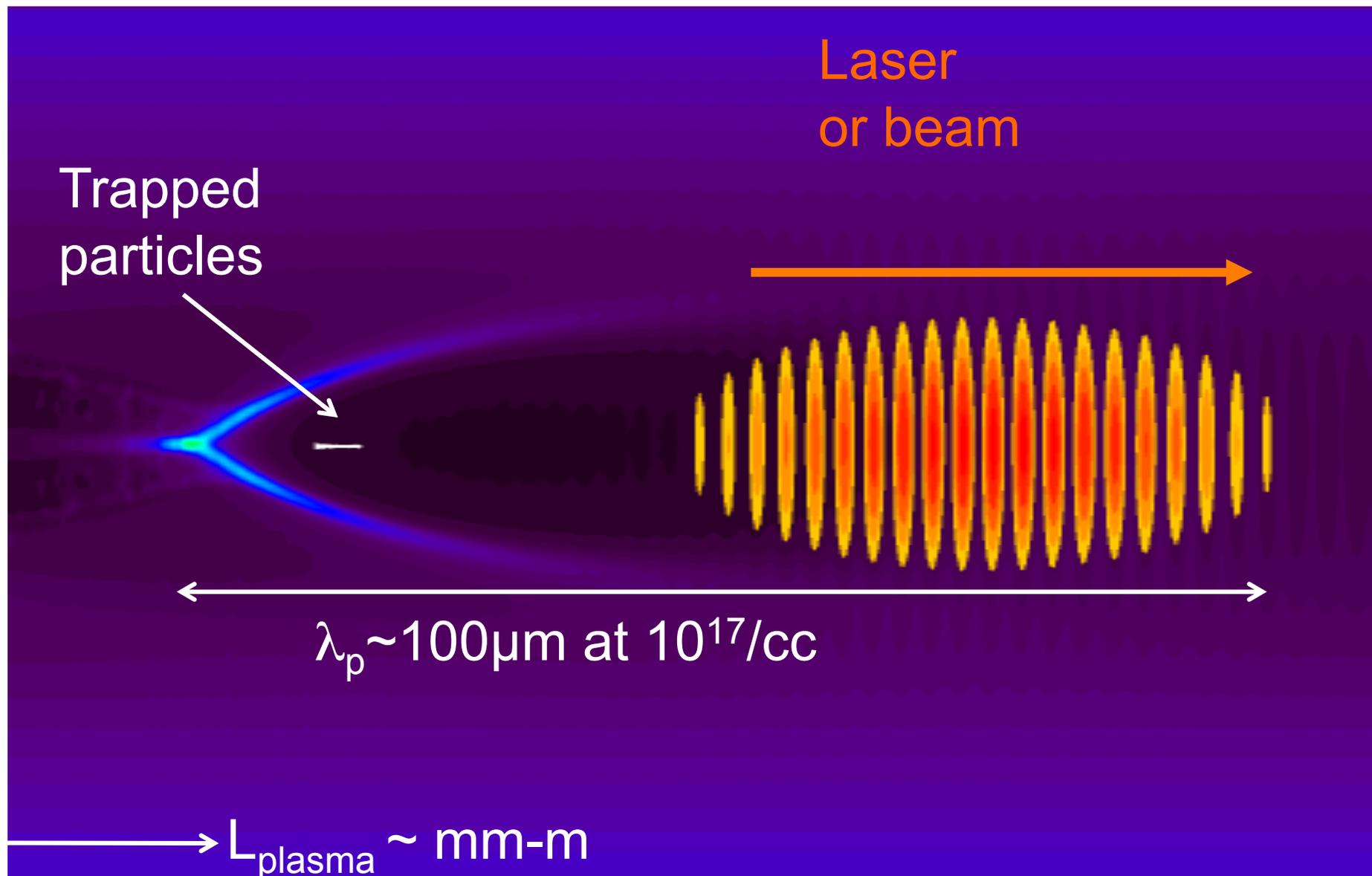
UCLA



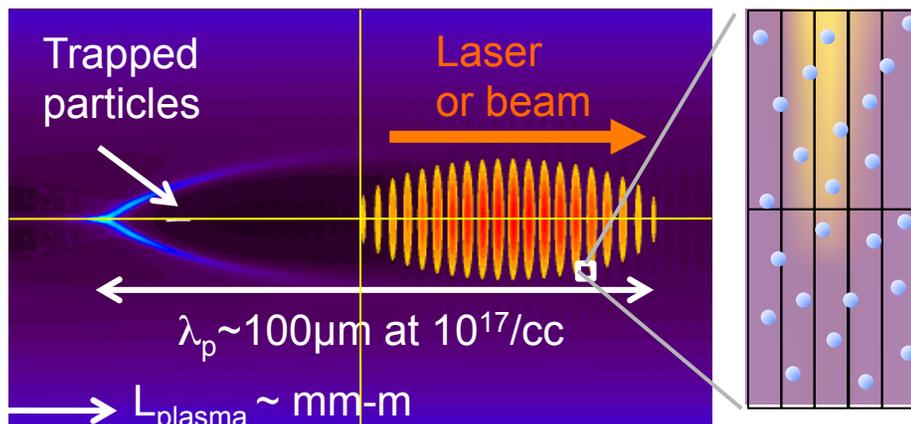
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Approach: plasma wave accelerator structure, laser & particle beam evolution excited by laser or particle beam



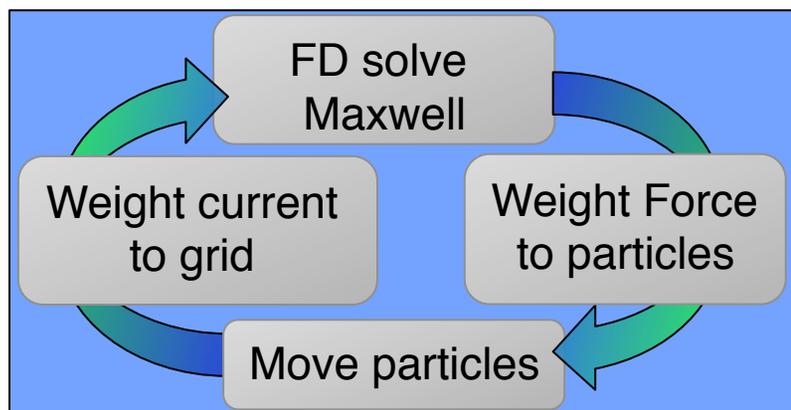
Approach: plasma wave accelerator structure, laser & particle beam evolution excited by laser or particle beam



Tajima & Dawson PRL 1979; Esarey et al. RMP 2009

- Electromagnetics + particle dist.
- Explicit PIC most common
 - Mhour for cm-scale, base resolution
 - Domain decomp. $\sim 50\text{cell}^3/\text{core}$
 - Weak scaling limited by I/O: otherwise OK to 100,000+cores
- Long plasmas – special codes
 - Boost: explicit in moving frame
 - Explicit scaling but more I/O
 - Envelope averages over laser period, Quasistatic adds slow evolution
 - Scaling to 1000's of cores
- For 2017: similar + Vlasov, MHD plasma formation, rad/e+

Explicit PIC schematic



Plasma Accelerator Simulation Using Laser Drivers

M558 case study

Related: Continuing Studies of Plasma Based Accelerators (MP113)



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- LOASIS: C.G.R. Geddes, C. Benedetti, S. Bulanov, J.-L. Vay, E. Esarey, S. Rykovanov, C.B. Schroeder, L. Yu, W.P. Leemans
- Visualization: W. Bethel, O. Rübél, G. Weber, Prabhat

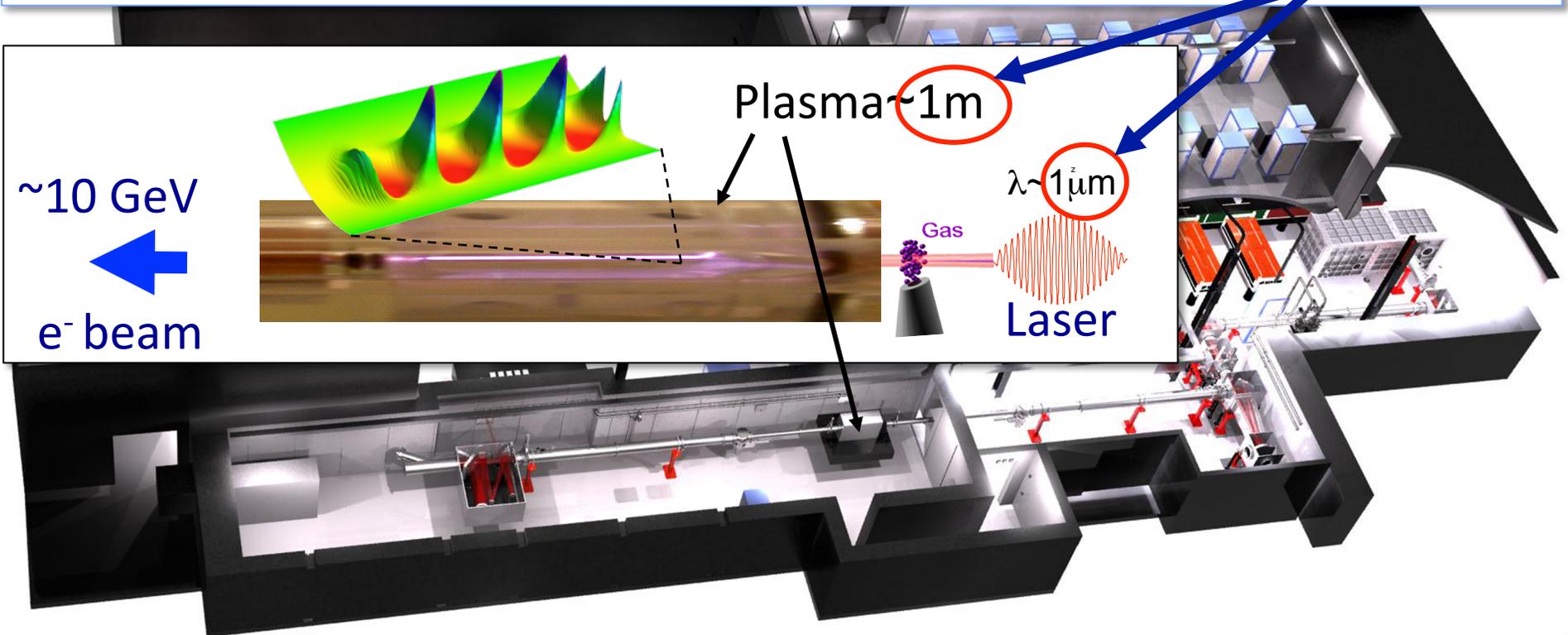


TECH-X CORPORATION

- E. Cormier-Michel, B. M. Cowan, E. Hallman, N. Naseri, K. Paul, J.R. Cary

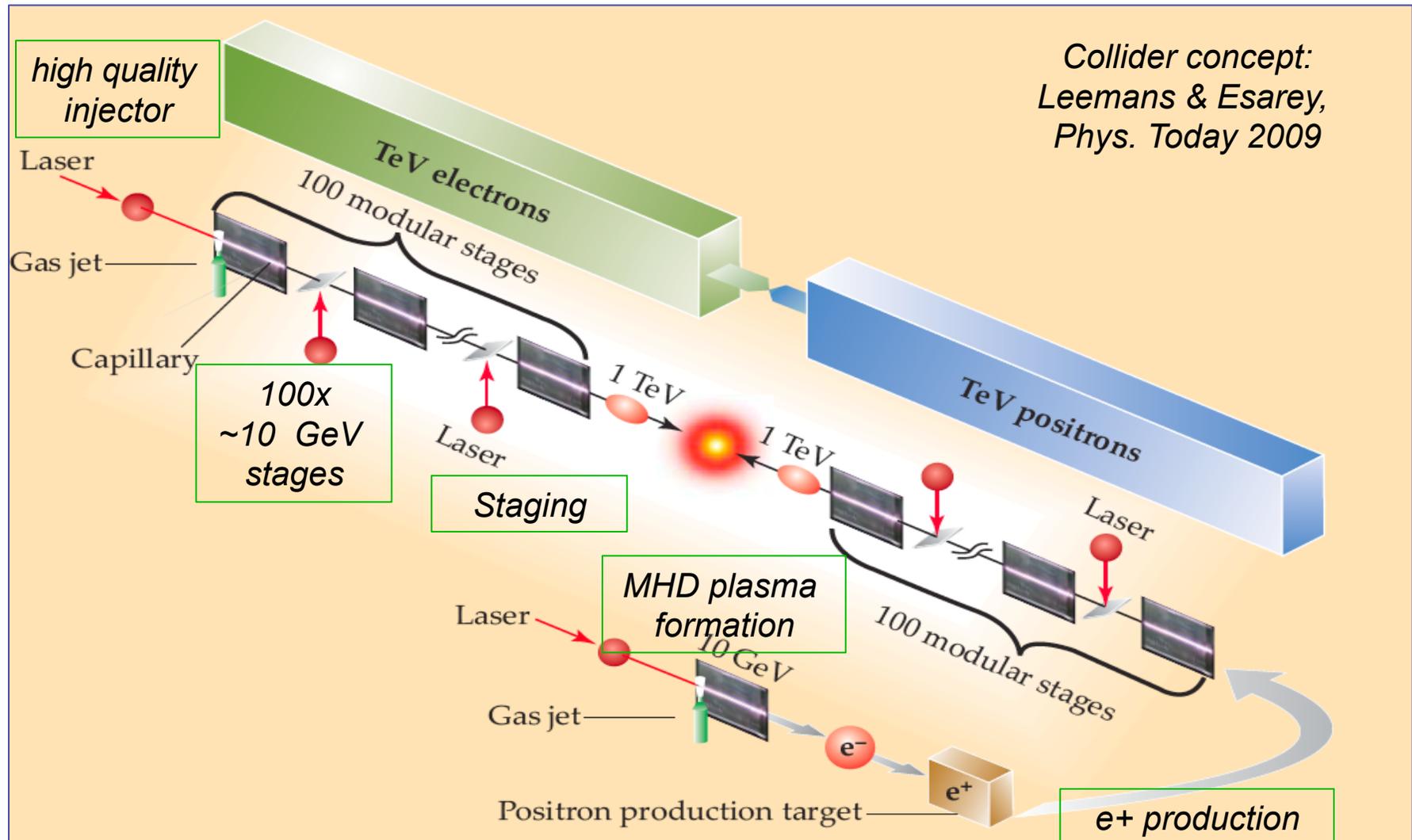
Objective: model 10 GeV stages for the LBNL BELLA laser@ – record rep-rated PW laser for accelerator science

Modeling from first principles challenging because of scale separation



2012: 2/3D simulations @ Mhours on Hopper with advanced models
2017: Modeling low emittance beams*: ~ 3-10x resolution -> 30x cells

Objective: Technology for future laser-plasma collider concepts & FEL/gamma source drivers



2017: Multiple stages \rightarrow 30-100X cost
Add physics – e^+ , radiation, scattering

Codes and Algorithms

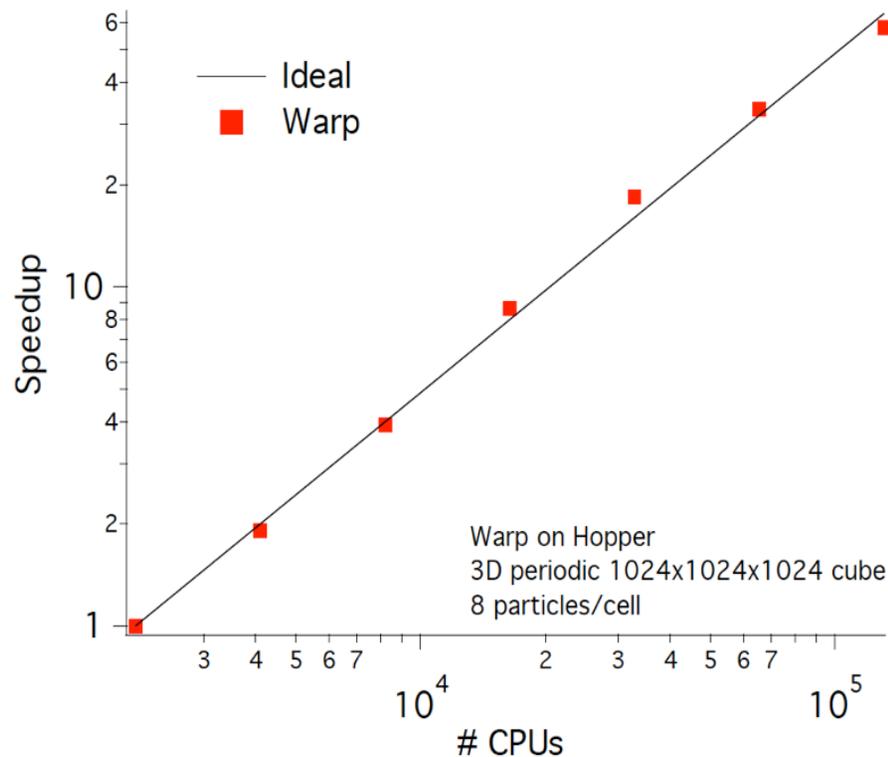
Tasks	Use	Other notes
WARP*	1/2/3D Explicit electromagnetic PIC Boosted frame.	ES, FFT, multigrid AMR, RF cavities, surfaces with emission, ionization
VORPAL*	1/2/3D Explicit electromagnetic PIC & fluid, Envelope, boosted frame, beam frame Poisson, Ionization	RF cavities, surfaces, collisions
INF&RNO*	2D cylindrical envelope PIC& fluid (3D-like focusing), boosted frame	
VDSR	Radiation generation and particle tracking. Thomson, Compton, and radiation reaction.	

*Common elements: relativistic, absorbing boundaries, high order spline particles, parallel I/O

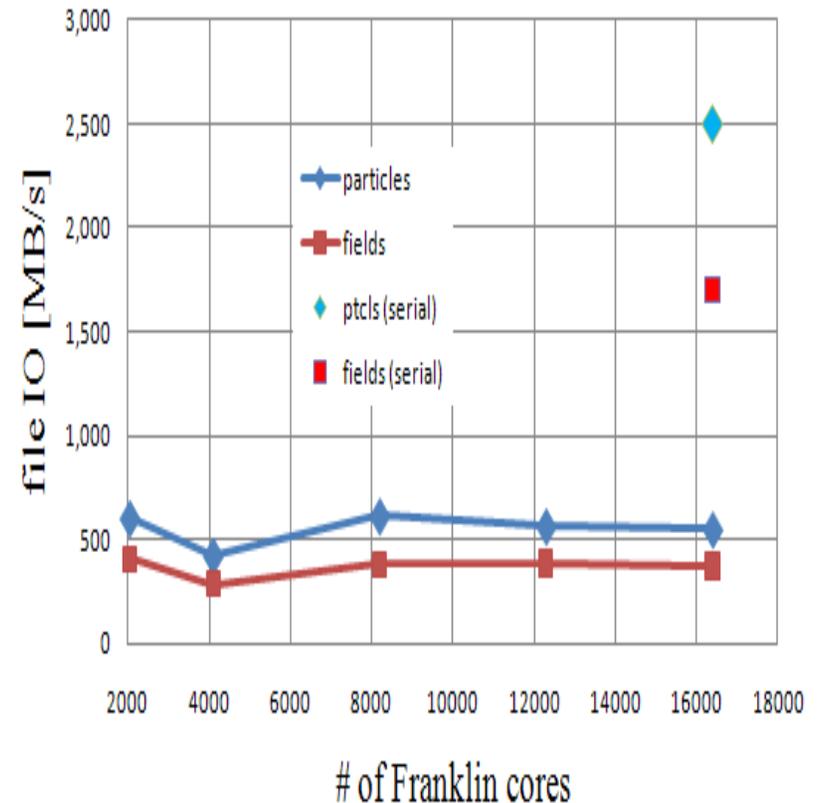
- related: OSIRIS (explicit PIC) and QuickPIC (envelope Quasistatic) from UCLA – see Tsung

LPA codes scale well to 100k cores limited by I/O

Warp strong scaling good to >100kcore
3D EM, periodic 1024x1024x1024 grid, 8ppc



Vorpal HDF5 parallel I/O flat
Franklin data - Hopper is similar

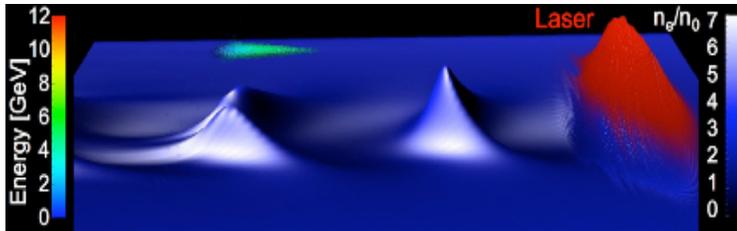


- VORPAL Scales similarly to WARP

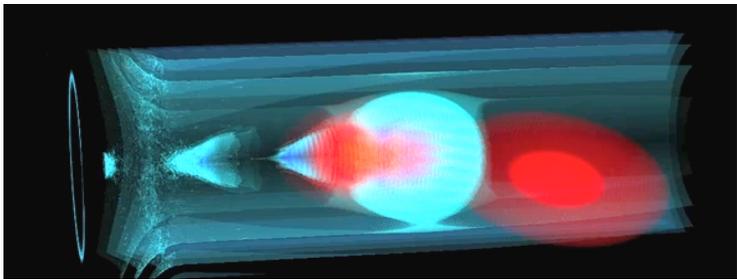
- INF&RNO scales to ~4kcores – adequate for 2D r-z
limit is envelope tridiagonal solve

Current HPC enables leadership LPA science

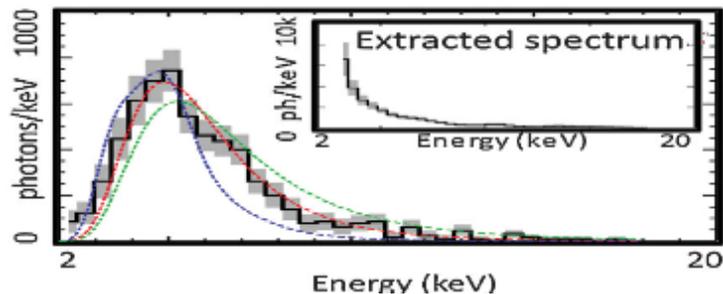
10 GeV beams
Vay et al, PoP 2011



Controlled injection
Cormier – SciDAC vis award 2011



Low emittance beams
Plateau et al PRL 2012



- Hours: 15 Million/year (Hopper)
- Cores:
 - Explicit 2D ~ 1 kCore, 3D ~ 16 kCore
 - Envelope ~ 4 kCore
 - 10's of simultaneous runs
 - 10-100 hr/run
 - Scaling limits: I/O & queue
- 0.1 GB/core, save 4TB/run
- Archival data: 150 TB

HPC needs 2017

Resolve low emittance beams, 10's of stages, transport

- Hours: 500 Million/year. Driven by:
 - Resolution – for low emittance and energy spread
 - Length – for staged approach to collider
 - Added physics – MHD plasma formation, radiation, e+....
- Cores: weak scaling dominant
 - 50-500k, problem and network dependent
 - Staging: long queue@ 10-50 kCore for 100m plasma
 - 10's of simultaneous runs at few kCore – 10's of kCore
- Memory approx. 0.1 GB/core + few w/GB's (analysis)

HPC needs 2017

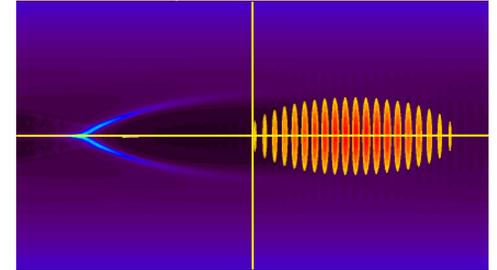
I/O is a key constraint

- Scalable I/O needed – keep below ~10% time
 - Parallel HDF5 I/O scaling near flat currently
 - Individual processor files / custom solutions cumbersome
- ≥ 10 GB/s needed – determines scaling
 - Shared data: 100 TB/run, total of 600 TB. Fast NGF needed.
 - Archival data: 5000 TB
- Use inline analysis, subsetting to keep growth ~10-30x
 - Require a few full checkpoints for restart
- Common need of high performance tools – NERSC role?

HPC needs 2017

GPU/manycore requires Network bandwidth, preparation

- PIC is not compute intensive:
 - $\mu\text{s}/\text{ptcl}$ on CPU, and GPU can be 10x faster
 - Network bandwidth key : at 50^3 cells, exchange $\sim 20\%$
- Codes run on GPU test beds – NERSC, NIU
 - Methods suitable
 - AVX also attractive
- Bottleneck: specialized development for each system
 - Test bed for architecture a year or more ahead
 - Compiler optimization + code work on structured access



HPC needs 2017

Software - Performance of HDF5 and Python are key

- Libraries built with codes:
 - MPI/IO, HDF5 parallel, Trillinos, Mercurial
 - Shared libraries
- Need long queues and memory for serial data analysis
 - IDL, VisIT, file combination
- Desire run scheduling/monitoring access – no logout
 - Limited privileges?

HPC needs 2017

Services – NERSC strength

- General consulting/support is a NERSC strength
- Parallel visualization is required for large runs
 - Ongoing collaboration
 - Need to capture analytics/math from serial tools (IDL, etc.)
- More premium queue options would be of interest
 - Allow only some fraction as premium?
- Support for optimization – especially for GPU
- I/O support needed to avoid effort duplication

Summary

- Advanced LPA concepts need $\geq 30x$ resources by 2017
 - Resolution – for low emittance and energy spread $\sim 30x$
 - Length – for staged approach to collider $\sim 30-100x$
 - Added physics – MHD plasma formation, radiation, e+....
- Codes scale to $>100k$ Core
- Algorithms suited to GPUs but support/testbed needed
- I/O support needed to avoid effort duplication
- Parallel visualization needed for large runs
 - General consulting/support is a NERSC strength to maintain